### MAMABANK

NAM A BANK – HOI SÖ/HEAD OFFICE 201-203 Cách Mạng Tháng Tám, Quận 3, TP.HCM 201-203 Cách Mang Tháng Tam Street, Dist. 3, HCMC [T] 028 3929 6699 - [F] 028 3929 6688 [Hotline] 1900 6679 - [W] www.namabank.com.vn Số/No:4 CO /2025/CBTT-NHNA

V/v: Công bố thông tin BCTC Quý IV năm 2024 (Riêng lẻ và Hợp nhất) và giải trình biến động lọi nhuận/Ref: Information disclosure of the Financial Statements for the Q4 2024 (Separate and Consolidated) and Explanation for the fluctuation of profit after tax

### CỘNG HÒA XÃ HỘI CHỦ NGHĨA VIỆT NAM

THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

Độc lập – Tự do – Hạnh phúc Independence – Freedom – Happiness

TP.HCM/HCMC, ngày/date214tháng/month01năm/year 2025

1.11

### CÔNG BỐ THÔNG TIN ĐỊNH KỲ

PERIODIC INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

Kính gửi/To: - Ủy ban Chứng khoán Nhà nước/State Securities Commission of Vietnam

- Sở giao dịch Chứng khoán Việt Nam/Vietnam Exchange
- Sở Giao dịch chứng khoán TP. Hồ Chí Minh/Hochiminh Stock Exchange
- 1. Tên tổ chức phát hành/Name of organization: Ngân hàng TMCP Nam Á/Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank
  - Mã chứng khoán/Stock code: NAB.
  - Trụ sở chính/Address: 201 203 Cách Mạng Tháng Tám, Phường 4, Quận 3, TPHCM/201 –
     203 Cách Mang Tháng Tam Street, Ward 4, District 3, Ho Chi Minh City
  - Điện thoại/Telephone: (84-28) 3929 6699

Fax: (84-28) 3929 6688

- Email: namabank@namabank.com.vn
- 2. Nội dung thông tin công bố/Contents of disclosure:

Để thực hiện công bố thông tin theo đúng quy định, Ngân hàng TMCP Nam Á kính gửi đến Ủy ban Chứng khoán Nhà nước, Sở giao dịch Chứng khoán Việt Nam và Sở giao dịch Chứng khoán TP. Hồ Chí Minh văn bản sau/To disclose the information in accordance with the regulations, Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank respectfully sends to The State Securities Commission of Vietnam, The Vietnam Exchange and The Hochiminh Stock Exchange the documents as listed below:

- + Báo cáo tài chính riêng lẻ Q4 2024/Separate Financial Statement Q4 2024;
- + Báo cáo tài chính hợp nhất Q4 2024/Consolidated Financial Statement Q4 2024;
- 3. Thông tin này đã được công bố trên trang thông tin điện tử của Ngân hàng TMCP Nam Á: <a href="https://www.namabank.com.vn/">https://www.namabank.com.vn/</a> This information was published on the company's website as in the link: <a href="https://www.namabank.com.vn">https://www.namabank.com.vn</a>

Chúng tôi xin cam kết các thông tin công bố trên đây là đúng sự thật và hoàn toàn chịu trách nhiệm trước pháp luật về nội dung thông tin công bố./We hereby certify that the information provided is true and correct and we bear the full responsibility to the law.

Nơi nhận:/To

VP.HCQT./Office of BOD.

- Như Kính gửi ;/As the Greetings part;

Luu/Archived: P.KT/Accounting Dept,

NGÂN HÀNG TMCP NAM Á/NAM A BANK

NGƯỜI ĐƯỢC ỦY QUYỀN CBTT/

Persons Authorized To Disclose Information

<sup>У</sup>РНО́ СНŮ ТІСН НЪОТ/

300 Vice Chairman/Chairwoman

NGÂN HÀNG

Võ Thị Tuyết Nga

### NAM A BANK

### Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Quarter 4/2024 and for the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Pages
Consolidated statement of financial position	1 - 3
Consolidated statement income statement	4
Consolidated statement cash flows statement	5 - 6
Notes to the consolidated financial statements	7 - 39

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2024

B02a/TCTD-HN

	Notes	31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
ASSETS			
Cash and gold		1,148,489	1,132,969
Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam		13,632,932	16,268,047
Due from and loans to other credit institutions Due from other credit institutions Loans to other credit institutions		<b>36,809,783</b> 36,519,898 289,885	<b>22,591,302</b> 20,801,417 1,789,885
Derivatives and other financial assets	V.1	-	39,455
Loans to customers Loans to customers Provision for loans to customers	V.2 V.3	<b>165,672,890</b> 167,737,997 (2,065,107)	<b>139,894,641</b> 141,438,441 (1,543,800)
Investment securities Available-for-sale securities Held-to-maturity securities Provision for investment securities	V.4	<b>20,841,857</b> 10,289,877 10,566,774 (14,794)	<b>24,068,777</b> 13,110,808 10,976,814 (18,845)
Long-term investments Other long-term investments Provision for long term investments	V.5	<b>142,759</b> 224,011 (81,252)	<b>85,320</b> 85,320
Fixed assets		2,188,108	1,586,997
Tangible fixed assets Cost Accumulated depreciation		<i>1,528,846</i> 2,307,181 (778,335)	901,069 1,554,014 (652,945)
Financial lease fixed assets Cost Accumulated depreciation		79,745 159,317 (79,572)	104,336 158,913 (54,577)
Intangible fixed assets Cost Accumulated amortization		579,517 755,607 (176,090)	581,592 744,439 (162,847)
Investment properties Cost		<b>30,439</b> 30,439	<b>15,971</b> 15,971
Other assets Receivables Interest and fee receivables Other assets Provision for other on-balance sheet assets		<b>4,661,726</b> 919,497 3,001,116 780,289 (39,176)	<b>4,212,760</b> 1,466,711 2,076,285 702,787 (33,023)
TOTAL ASSETS		245,128,983	209,896,239

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued) As at 31 December 2024

B02a/TCTD-HN

	Notes	31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
LIABILITIES			
Borrowings from the Government and the State Bank  Due to and borrowings from the Government and the State Bank	V.6	<b>2,577,611</b> 2,577,611	<b>345</b>
Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions  Due to other credit institutions  Borrowings from other credit institutions	V.7	<b>39,196,315</b> 37,715,294 1,481,021	<b>24,021,674</b> 22,816,967 1,204,707
Due to customers	V.8	158,334,003	145,428,945
Derivatives and other financial liabilities	V.1	6,768	-
Grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks		1,076,174	1,066,465
Valuable papers issued	V.9	20,006,940	18,458,868
Other liabilities Interest and fee payables Other liabilities	V.10	<b>4,642,639</b> 3,395,608 1,247,031	<b>5,678,150</b> 4,282,773 1,395,377
TOTAL LIABILITIES		225,840,450	194,654,447
OWNERS' EQUITY			
Capital Charter capital Fund for capital expenditure Share premium Other capital		<b>13,725,604</b> 13,725,506 10 63 25	<b>10,580,866</b> 10,580,416 10 415 25
Reserves		2,174,392	1,447,731
Retained earnings		3,388,537	3,213,195
TOTAL OWNERS' EQUITY	V.12	19,288,533	15,241,792
TOTAL LIABILITES AND OWNERS' EQUITY		245,128,983	209,896,239

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued) As at 31 December 2024

B02a/TCTD-HN

### OFF-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS

	31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Guarantees for borrowings Foreign exchange commitments - Spot foreign exchange commitments - buy - Spot foreign exchange commitments - sell	3,658,967 8,075,790	14,694,595 2,420,000 169,400 12,105,195
<ul> <li>Commitments on currency swap transactions</li> <li>Letters of credit</li> <li>Other guarantees</li> <li>Other commitments</li> </ul>	8,075,790 549,881 3,656,250 149,669	6,114,363 9,847,973
Interest and fee receivables not yet collected Written-off debts Assets and other documents	2,312,141 2,508,183 10,123,873	2,019,149 2,674,247 11,470,531
/	31,034,754	46,820,858

Mr. Le Dinh Tu

Head of Accounting Department

Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan Director of Finance Division cum

Chief Accountant

Mr. Vo Hoang Hai Deputy General Director

TP. HÖC

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

23 January 2025

B03a/TCTD

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT For the period from 01 January 2023 to 30 September 2024

		Quarter 4		12-month period ended	
		Current	Previous	Current	Previous
		period	period	period	period
	Notes	VND million	VND million	VND million	VND million
Interest and similar income	VI.13	4,475,736	5,171,291	17,411,707	19,338,340
Interest and similar expenses	VI.14	(2,464,135)	(2,926,632)	(9,473,887)	(12,691,031)
Net interest and similar income		2,011,601	2,244,659	7,937,820	6,647,309
Fee and commission income		197,894	221,235	951,804	1,141,500
Fee and commission expenses		(59,033)	(103,841)	(390,838)	(551,469)
Net fees and commission		400.004	447.004	ECO 000	E00 024
income		138,861	117,394	560,966	590,031
Net gain from trading of foreign currencies		24,812	12,850	2,807	14,607
Net gain from trading of held- for-trading securities	VI.15	864	-	864	-
Net gain from investment securities	VI.16	26,737	49,217	123,787	59,287
Other operating income		322,582	488,633	467,824	499,520
Other operating expenses		(9,328)	(159, 150)	(42,027)	(166,581)
Net gain from other operating activities		313,254	329,483	425,797	332,939
Income from investments in other entities		22	-	22	38
Total operating expenses	VI.17	(1,338,499)	(982,365)	(3,985,763)	(3,492,455)
Net profit before provision for credit losses		1,177,652	1,771,238	5,066,300	4,151,756
Provision expense for credit losses		44,700	(514,116)	(520,902)	(847,804)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		1,222,352	1,257,122	4,545,398	3,303,952
Current corporate income tax expense		(255,560)	(267,508)	(938,305)	(682,333)
Total corporate income tax expense		(255,560)	(267,508)	(938,305)	(682,333)
PROFIT AFTER TAX		966,792	989,614	3,607,093	2,621,619
			03000	-0/5	

Mr. Le Dinh Tu

Head of Accounting Department

Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan Director of Finance Division cum Chief Accountant Mr. Vo Hoang Hai Deputy General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS STATEMENT For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 B04a/TCTD-HN

	Current period VND million	Previous period VND million
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Interest and similar income receipts Interest and similar expenses payments Net fees and commission receipts Net receipts from trading of securities, gold and foreign currencies Other income	16,460,416 (10,346,973) 581,694 122,507 (41,391)	19,982,045 (11,539,747) 537,866 45,593 (165,114)
Recovery of loans previously written-off Payments to employees and other operating expenses Corporate income tax paid for the period	465,822 (3,363,965) (950,901)	(3,826,059) (501,892)
Net cash flows from operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	2,927,209	5,029,587
Changes in operating assets (Increase)/decrease in due from and loans to other credit institutions	1,500,000	(1,104,739) 352,279
(Increase)/decrease in trading securities (Increase)/decrease in derivatives and other financial assets	3,230,971	65,494 (20,238,361)
(Increase)/decrease in loans to customers Utilization of provision to write-off loans to customers, securities and long-term investments (Increase)/decrease in other assets	(26,299,556) (3,944) 71,868	(1,023,708) 1,034,357
Changes in operating liabilities Increase/(decrease) in borrowings from the Government and the State Bank Increase/(decrease) in due to and borrowings from other credit institutions	2,577,266 15,195,082	(267) 2,677,578
Increase/(decrease) in due to customers Increase/(decrease) in valuable paper issued Increase/(decrease) in grants, entrusted funds and	12,905,058 1,548,072	20,435,610 6,075,205 115,235
loans exposed to risks Increase/(decrease) in derivatives and other financial liabilities	9,709 6,768	-
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities  Net cash from operating activities	(308,806) 13,399,152	(894,055) <b>12,524,215</b>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of fixed assets Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets Proceeds from disposal of investment properties Payments to investments in other entities Proceeds from investments in other entities Dividends received from long-term investments	(669,877) 1,191 7,527 (142,197) 3,506 22	(581,238) 1,191 - - - 38
Net cash used in investing activities	(799,828)	(580,009)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS STATEMENT(continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B04a/TCTD-HN

	Current period VND million	VND million
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		· ·
Increase in charter capital from capital contribution and/or share issuance	499,648	-
Dividends payment to shareholders	(86)	(226)
Net cash used in financing activities	499,562	(226)
Net change of cash for the period	13,098,886	11,943,980
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	38,202,433	26,258,453
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	51,301,319	38,202,433

Mr. Le Dinh Tu

Head of Accounting Department

Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan Director of Finance Division cum Chief Accountant Mr. Vo Hoang Hai Deputy General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

23 January 2025

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### I. THE BANK

### 1. Establishment and Operations

Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank") is a joint stock commercial bank incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

The Bank incorporated under Banking Operation License No. 0026/NH-GP on 22 August 1992 issued by the State Bank of Vietnam ("SBV"), Establishment License No. 463/GP-UB issued by the People's Committee of Ho Chi Minh City on 1 September 1992 and Business Registration Certificate No. 0300873215 on 1 September 1992, amended for 45<sup>th</sup> times on 3 August 2023 issued by Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. The valid of operation of the Bank is 99 years.

The Bank's principal activities are to provide banking services including mobilizing short, medium and long-term funds in the form of term deposits, demand deposits, certificates of deposit; receiving entrusted investment and development funds, borrowings from other financial institutions; granting short, medium and long-term loans; discounting of commercial notes, bonds and valuable papers; contributing capital and investing in joint-ventures, providing settlement services to customers, trading foreign currencies, gold, international payment, mobilizing overseas funds and other banking services to overseas counterparties as allowed by the SBV; conducting debt factoring activities; supplying cash management services, banking and financial consultancy; preserving assets, leasing cabinets and safes; buying and selling Government bonds and corporate bonds; giving and receiving entrustment loans; insurance agency; credit granting under bank guarantee; debt purchasing activities; trading and providing foreign exchange services on domestic and international market within the scope as prescribed by the SBV; trading gold; leasing a part of unused office owned by the Bank.

### 2. Charter capital

The charter capital of the Bank as at 31 December 2024 is VND 13,725,505,530,000 (as at 31 December 2023: VND 10,580,416,150,000).

### 3. The Board of Directors

The members of the Board of Directors of the Bank during the period and until the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position
Mr. Tran Ngo Phuc Vu	Chairman
Mr. Tran Ngoc Tam	Standing Vice Chairman
Ms. Vo Thi Tuyet Nga	Vice Chairwoman
Mr. Tran Khai Hoan	Member
Mr. Nguyen Duc Minh Tri	Member
Ms. Nguyen Thi Thanh Dao	Member
Ms. Le Thi Kim Anh	Independent Member

### 4. The Board of Supervisors

The members of the Board of Supervision of the Bank during the period and until the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position
Mr. Nguyen Vinh Loi	Chief Supervisor
Ms. Nguyen Thuy Van	Member
Ms. Do Thi Hong Tram	Member

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### 5. The Board of Management and Chief Accountant

The members of the Board of Management and Chief Accountant of the Bank during the period and until the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position
Mr. Tran Khai Hoan	Acting General Director
Mr. Hoang Viet Cuong	Deputy General Director
Mr. Ha Huy Cuong	Deputy General Director
Mr. Le Anh Tu	Deputy General Director
Mr. Nguyen Vinh Tuyen	Deputy General Director
Mr. Vo Hoang Hai	Deputy General Director
Ms. Ho Nguyen Thuy Vy	Deputy General Director
Mr. Huynh Thanh Phong	Deputy General Director
Mr. Nguyen Minh Tuan	Deputy General Director
Ms. Lam Kim Khoi	Deputy General Director
Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan	Director of Finance Division cum
,	Chief Accountant

### 6. Legal representative

The legal representative of the Bank from 01 January 2024 to the date of this report is Mr. Tran Ngo Phuc Vu, Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Mr. Vo Hoang Hai - Deputy General Director was authorized to sign the attached consolidated financial statements for the financial period ended 31 December 2024 in accordance with Decision No. 378/2023/QĐ-NHNA-01 dated 10 April 2023.

### 7. Operation network

The Bank's Head Office is located at 201-203 Cach Mang Thang Tam Street, Ward 4, District 3, Ho Chi Minh City. As at 31 December 2024, the Bank had one (1) representative office, one (1) business center, one hundred forty (140) branches and transaction offices located in cities and provinces throughout Vietnam.

### 8. Subsidiary

As at 31 December 2024, the Bank had one (1) subsidiary:

Subsidiary	Operating License No.	Nature of business	Ownership of the Bank
Nam A Bank Asset Management Company Limited	0304691951 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City, amended for nineteenth (19) times on 16 January 2023	Debt management and asset mining	100%

### 9. Employees

The Bank's total number of employees as at 31 December 2024 was 5,317 persons (as at 31 December 2023: 5,357 persons).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### II. ACCOUNTING AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

### 1. Fiscal year

The Bank's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its consolidated financial statements starts on 01 January and ends on 31 December.

The Bank's fourth quarter of the year applicable for the preparation of its consolidated financial statements starts on 01 January and ends on 31 December.

### 2. Accounting currency

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in Vietnam dong ("VND").

For the presentation of the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2024, the data is rounded to millions and expressed in millions of Vietnam dong ("VND million"). This presentation does not affect the view of users of the consolidated financial statements on the Bank's consolidated financial position, its consolidated income statement and its consolidated cash flows.

### III. APPLIED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEM

### 1. Statement of compliance

The Board of Management of the Bank confirms that the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions and other relevant statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

### 2. Purpose of preparing the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting System applicable to Credit Institutions required under Decision No. 479/2004/QD-NHNN issued on 29 April 2004, Circular No. 10/2014/TT-NHNN dated 20 March 2014 and Circular No. 22/2017/TT-NHNN dated 29 December 2017 amending and supplementing Decision No. 479/2004/QD-NHNN; Decision No. 16/2007/QD-NHNN dated 18 April 2007, Circular No. 27/2021/TT-NHNN issued by State Bank of Vietnam on 31 December 2021, Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN amending and supplementing a number of articles of Decision No. 16/2007/QD-NHNN, Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 27 — Financial Reporting and other Vietnamese Accounting Standard issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 1);
- Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 2);
- Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 3);
- Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including their utilization are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the consolidated financial position, consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

Items or balances required by Decision No. 16/2007/QD-NHNN dated 18 April 2007 and Circular No. 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014 and Circular No. 27/2021/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2021 stipulating the consolidated financial statements reporting mechanism for credit institutions that are not shown in these consolidated financial statements indicate nil balance.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### 3. Assumptions and uses of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the Board of Management of the Bank to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities. These estimates and assumptions also affect the income, expenses and the resultant provisions. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions involving varying degrees of subjectivity and uncertainty and actual results may differ resulting in future changes in such provision.

### IV. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and gold, balances with at the SBV, due from other credit institutions on demand or with an original maturity of three months from the transaction date, securities investment with maturity of three months from purchase date, which are readily convertible into cash and do not bear the liquidity risk at the reporting date.

### 2. Due from and loans to other credit institutions

Due from and loans to other credit institutions are presented at the principal amounts outstanding at the end of the accounting period.

The credit risk classification of due from and credit granting to other credit institutions and provision for credit risks thereof are provided in accordance with Decree No 86/2024/ND-CP (Decree 86) and Circular No.31/2024/TT-NHNN (Circular 31).

Accordingly, the Bank makes a specific provision for due from (except for current accounts) and loans to other credit institutions according to the method as described in *Note 4*.

According to Circular 31, the Bank is not required to make a general provision for due from and loans to other credit institutions.

### 3. Loans to customers

Loans to customers are disclosed and presented at the principal amounts outstanding at the end of the period.

Provision for credit losses of loans to customers is presented consolidatedly as one (1) line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Short-term loans have term of less than one year from the disbursement date. Medium-term loans have term of one to five years from the disbursement date. Long-term loans are loans with term of over 5 years from the disbursement date.

Loan classification and provision for credit losses are made according to Decree 86 and Circular 31 as described in *Note 4*.

### 4. Loan classification and provision for credit losses applied to due from and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bonds, loans to customers, entrustments for credit granting and other credit risk bearing assets

### 4.1 Loan classification and provision for credit losses

The classification of due from and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bond, and loans to customers and entrustments for credit granting and other credit risk bearing assets (collectively called "debts") is recognized on the basis of quantitative method as prescribed in Article 10 of Circular 31. Accordingly, loans to customers are classified according to the following levels of risk: Current, Special mention, Sub-standard, Doubtful and Loss based on status out of date. Debts classified as Substandard, Doubtful and Loss are considered bad debt.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

General provision as at 31 December 2024 is made at 0.75% of total outstanding loans as at 31 December 2024 excluding due from and loans to other credit institutions and loans classified as loss.

The specific provision for debts as at 31 December 2024 is made based on the principal balance less discounted value of collaterals multiplied by provision rates which are determined based on the debt classifications as at 31 December 2024. The basis for value and discounted value determination for each type of collateral is specified in Decree 86.

The specific provision rates for each group are presented as follows:

Loan	group	Description	Specific provision rate
1 Cu		<ul> <li>(a) Current debts are assessed as fully and timely recoverable for both principals and interests; or</li> <li>(b) Debts are overdue for a period of less than 10 days and assessed as fully recoverable for both overdue principals and interests, and fully and timely recoverable for both remaining principals and interests.</li> </ul>	0%
	ntion	<ul><li>(a) Debts are overdue for a period of between 10 days and 90 days; or</li><li>(b) Debts which the repayment terms are restructured for the first time.</li></ul>	5%
3 Sul sta	ndard (	<ul> <li>(a) Debts are overdue for a period of between 91 days and 180 days; or</li> <li>(b) Debts which the repayment terms are extended for the first time; or</li> <li>(c) Debts which interests are exempted or reduced because customers do not have sufficient capability to repay all interests under credit contracts; or</li> <li>(d) Debts under one of the following cases which have not been recovered in less than 30 days from the date of the recovery decision: <ul> <li>Debts made incompliance with Clause 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 under Article 134 of Law on Credit Institutions; or</li> <li>Debts made incompliance with Clause 1, 2, 3, 4 under Article 135 of Law on Credit Institutions; or</li> <li>Debts made incompliance with Clauses 1, 2 and 5 under Article 136 of Law on Credit Institutions,</li> </ul> </li> <li>(e) Debts are required to be recovered according to regulatory inspection conclusions.</li> <li>(f) Debts are required to be recovered according to credit institutions, foreign bank branches' decisions on early payment due to customers' breach of agreements but have not yet been recovered in 30 days from the issuance date of the decision; or</li> <li>(g) At the request of the SBV based on the inspection, supervision conclusions and relevant credit information</li> </ul>	20%

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

			Specific provision
Lo	an group	Description	rate
4	Doubtful	<ul> <li>(a) Debts are overdue for a period of between 181 days and 360 days; or</li> <li>(b) Debts which the repayment terms are restructured for the first time but still overdue for a period of less than 90 days under that restructured repayment term; or</li> <li>(c) Debts which the repayment terms are restructured for the second time; or</li> <li>(d) Debts are specified in point (d) of Loan group 3 and overdue for a period of between 30 days and 60 days after decisions of recovery have been issued; or</li> <li>(e) Debts are required to be recovered according to regulatory inspection conclusions but still outstanding with an overdue period up to 60 days since the recovery date as required by regulatory inspection conclusions.</li> <li>(f) Debts are required to be recovered according to credit</li> </ul>	50%
		institutions, foreign bank branches' decisions on early payment due to customers' breach of agreements but have not yet been recovered for a period between 30 days to 60 days from the issuance date of the decision; or  (g) At the request of the SBV based on the inspection, supervision conclusions and relevant credit information.	
5	Loss	<ul> <li>(a) Debts are overdue for a period of more than 360 days; or</li> <li>(b) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the first time but still overdue for a period of 91 days or more under that first restructured repayment term; or</li> <li>(c) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for</li> </ul>	100%
		the second time but still overdue under that second restructured repayment term; or  (d) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the third time or more, regardless of being overdue or not;	
		or  (e) Debts are specified in point (d) of Loan group 3 and overdue for a period of more than 60 days after decisions on recovery have been issued; or	
		(f) Debts are required to be recovered under regulatory inspection conclusions but still outstanding with an overdue period of more than 60 days since the recovery date as required by regulatory inspection conclusions; or	
		<ul> <li>(g) Debts are required to be recovered according to credit institutions, foreign bank branches' decisions on early payment due to customers' breach of agreements but have not yet been recovered for a period of more than 60 days from the issuance date of the decision; or</li> <li>(h) Debts of credit institutions under special control as</li> </ul>	
		announced by the SBV, or debts of foreign bank branches which capital and assets are blocked; or  (i) At the request of the SBV based on the inspection, supervision conclusions and relevant credit information.	

If a customer has more than one debt with the Bank and any of the outstanding debts is classified into a higher risk group, the entire remaining debts of such customer should be classified into the corresponding higher risk group.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

If a customer is classified into debt group with lower risk than debt group in Credit Information Center ("CIC") list, the Bank must adjust the debt classification results according to CIC list.

When the Bank participates in a syndicated loan as a participant, they should classify loans (including syndicated loans) of the customer into the group of higher risk between the assessment of the leading bank and the Bank.

4.2 Term restructuring, interest and/or fees exemption or reduction and debt classification retention to assist customers affected by the COVID-19

The Bank also applies the regulations for restructuring repayment terms then keeping the same debt group for loans which meet requirements of Circular No. 01/2020/TT-NHNN ("Circular 01") dated 13 March 2020 by the State Bank of Vietnam, Circular No. 03/2021/TT-NHNN ("Circular 03") dated 2 April 2021, effect from 17 May 2021 and Circular No. 14/2021/TT-NHNN ("Circular 14") dated 7 September 2021 on amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular 01 specified that credit institutions, foreign bank's branches restructure loan, exemption or reduction of interest and fees and keep the same debt group to assist the customers affected by Covid 19 pandemic.

From 13 March 2020, the Bank applied Circular No. 01/2020/TT-NHNN ("Circular 01") issued by the State Bank of Vietnam providing regulations on loan restructuring, interest and/or fees exemption or reduction and debt classification retention for credit institutions and foreign bank branches to assist customers affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. Accordingly, for debts that principal and/or interest payment obligations incur during the period from 23 January 2020 to the day after 3 months from the date the Prime Minister announces the end of the COVID-19 pandemic, and the customers fail to make the principal and/or interest payment on time under the signed loan agreements, contracts due to decrease in revenue and income affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Bank are allowed to restructure the repayment term for these debts and retain the latest debt classification as before 23 January 2020.

From 17 May 2021, the Bank applied Circular No. 03/2021/TT-NHNN ("Circular 03") issued by the State Bank of Vietnam amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular 01. Accordingly, for debts arising before 10 June 2020 and having principal and/or interest payment obligations incur during the period from 23 January 2020 to 31 December 2021, and the customers fail to make the principal and/or interest payment on time under the signed loan agreements, contracts due to decrease in revenue and income affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Bank are allowed to restructure the repayment term, exempt or reduce interest and/or fees, and retain debt classification as follows:

Disbursement date	Payment obligation due	Overdue status	Overdue date	Principle of debt classification retention
Before 23/01/2020	From 23/01/2020 to 31/12/2021	Current or overdue for a period of 10 days	From 30/03/2020 to 31/12/2021	Retain the latest debt classification as before 23 January 2020
		Overdue	From 23/01/2020 to 29/03/2020	
From 23/01/2021 to before 10/06/2020		Current or overdue for a period of 10 days	From 17/05/2021 to 31/12/2021	Retain the latest debt classification as before the first-time restructuring date
SA.		Overdue	From 23/01/2020 to 17/05/2021	Retain the latest debt classification as before overdue transferring date



B05a/TCTD-HN

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

From 7 September 2021, the Bank applied Circular No. 14/2021/TT-NHNN ("Circular 14") dated 7 September 2021 issued by the State Bank of Vietnam amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular 01. Accordingly, for debts arising before 1 August 2021 and having principal and/or interest payment obligations incur during the period from 23 January 2020 to 31 December 2022, and the customers fail to make the principal and/or interest payment on time under the signed loan agreements, contracts due to decrease in revenue and income affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Bank are allowed to restructure the repayment term, exempt or reduce interest and/or fees, and retain debt classification as follows:

Disbursement date	Payment obligation due	Overdue status	Overdue date	Principle of debt classification retention
Before 23/01/2020	From 23/01/2020 to 30/06/2022	Current or overdue for a period of 10 days	From 30/03/2020 to before 30/06/2022	Retain the latest debt classification as before 23 January 2020
From 23/01/2020 to 01/08/2021		Current or overdue for a period of 10 days	From 17/05/2021 to before 17/07/2021 or from 07/09/2021 to 30/06/2022	Retain the latest debt classification as before the first-time restructuring date
Before 23/01/2020		Overdue	From 23/01/2020 to 29/03/2020	Retain the latest debt classification as before 23 January 2020
From 23/01/2020 to 10/06/2020		Overdue	From 23/01/2020 to 17/05/2021	Retain the latest debt classification as before overdue transferring
From 10/06/2020 to 01/08/2021		Overdue	From 17/07/2021 to 07/09/2021	date

For debts, which repayment term was restructured, interest and/or fees were exempted or reduced and debt classification was retained, are overdue under restructured repayment term and not continued to restructured under current regulations, the Bank make debt classification and provision in accordance with Circular 31.

### 4.3 Term restructuring, debt classification retention to assist customers in difficulty.

From 24 April 2023, the Bank applied Circular 02 to restructure the repayment term for the principal and/or interest balance of debts based on the customer requests. Accordingly, for debts arising before 24 April 2023 and having principal and/or interest payment obligations within the period from this date until 31 December 2024 and customers are unable to meet the timely repayment of principal and/or interest according to the signed loan agreement or contract due to a decline in revenue and income compared to the revenue and income in the principal and/or interest payment plan. The Bank is authorized to restructure the repayment term (including cases of debt extension) as determined to align with the customer's level of difficulty and not exceeding 12 months from the debt maturity date. This debt balance is restructured the repayment term and the debt group remains unchanged as the debt group has been classified according to the regulations of the Governor of the State Bank of Vietnam on the classification of assets, amounts and methods of setting up risk provisions and utilization of provisions to manage and control risks arising from the activities of credit institutions and foreign bank branches at the most recent time prior to the debt repayment term restructuring.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

4.4 Additional specific provision for loans eligible for debt restructuring as prescribed in Circular 01, Circular 02, Circular 03, Circular 14.

The Bank makes the specific provision to be made for all outstanding loans of customers which are restructured, exempted interest and reduced interest in accordance with Circular 02 and Circular 03 according to the following formula: C = A - B

### In which:

- C: Additional provision;
- A: Specific provision to be made for all outstanding loan balance of customers according to the results of debt classification according to Circular 31 (*Note 4.1*);
- B: Total specific provision to be made for the outstanding balance of debts retained debt classification according to regulations (*Note 4.2*) and specific provision to be made for remaining balance of the customers as debt classification according to Circular 31 (*Note 4.1*).

The additional provision C shall be made additional provision by The Bank when preparing financial statements, ensuring the provisioning at as follows:

With Circular 01, Circular 03 and Circular 14

- + By 31/12/2021: At least 30% of the additional provision;
- + By 31/12/2022: At least 60% of the additional provision;
- + By 31/12/2023: 100% of the additional provision.

With Circular 02

- + By 31/12/2023: At least 50% of the additional provision;
- + By 31/12/2024: 100% of the additional provision;

Write-off bad debts

Provisions are recognized as an expense in the consolidated income statement and are used to deal with bad debts. According to Circular 31, the Bank establishes a risk settlement committee to deal with bad debts if they are classified in group 5, or if the borrower is an organization that is dissolved or bankruptcy or individual who is dead or missing.

### 5. Loans sold to Vietnam Asset Management Company ("VAMC")

The Bank sell loans to VAMC at the carrying amount in accordance with Decree No, 53/2013/ND-CP effective from 9 July 2013 on "Establishment, structure and operations of Vietnam Asset Management Company", Circular No. 19/2013/TT-NHNN "Regulations on purchasing, selling and writing-off of bad debts of Vietnam Asset Management Company", circulars amend and supplement Circular 19/2013/TT-NHNN and Official Letter No. 8499/NHNN-TCKT on "Accounting guidance on selling and purchasing of bad debts between VAMC and credit institutions". Accordingly, selling price equals to the outstanding loan balance minus (-) unused balance of specific provision. The bank then receives the special bonds issued by VAMC.

Upon the sale of loans to VAMC, the Bank writes off loan balances and corresponding specific provisions and recognizes special bonds issued by VAMC at par value. When receiving loans previously sold to VAMC, the Bank uses annual specific provisions for special bonds to write off bad debts and recognizes the difference between provision for credit loss and the remaining outstanding loan balance/bond value in "Other income" in the consolidated income statement.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### 6. Held-for-trading securities

Classification and recognition

Held-for-trading securities include debt securities purchased for trading purposes. Held-for-trading securities are initially recognized at cost on transaction date.

### Measurement

Periodically, held-for-trading securities will be considered for diminution in value.

Provision for diminution in value of held-for-trading securities is made specifically for loss investment. The Bank make provision for held-for-trading securities if there is substantial evidence indicating a decline in the value of these investment at consolidated statement. Provision for diminution is recognized to the consolidated income statement at "Net gain from trading of held-for-trading securities".

Provision for held-for-trading securities which is mentioned above is reversed when the recoverable amount of held-for-trading securities increases after the provision is made as a result of an objective event. Provision is reversed up to the gross value of these securities before the provision is made.

Gains or losses from trading securities are recognized in the separate income statement.

Interest and dividends derived from held-for-trading securities are recognized on cash basis in the separate income statement.

### De-recognition

Held-for-trading securities are de-recognized when the rights to receive cash flows from these securities are terminated or the Bank transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of these securities.

### 7. Available-for-sale securities

### 7.1 Classification and recognition

Available-for-sale securities include debt and equity securities that are acquired by the Bank for the investment and available-for-sale purposes, not regularly traded but can be sold when there is a benefit. For equity securities, the Bank are also neither the founding shareholder nor the strategic partner and do not have the ability to make certain influence in establishing and making the financial and operating policies of the investees through a written agreement on assignment of its personnel to the Board of Directors/Management.

Available-for-sale equity securities are initially recognized at cost at the purchase date and continuously presented at cost in subsequent periods.

Available-for-sale debt securities are recognized at par value at the purchasing date. Accrued interest before the purchasing date (for debt securities with interest payment in arrears) and deferred interest (for debt securities with interest payment in advance) is recognized in a consolidated account. Discount/premium, which is the difference between the cost and the amount being the par value plus (+) accrued interest (if any) or minus (-) deferred interest (if any) is also recognized in a separate account.

In subsequent periods, these securities are continuously recorded at par value, and the discount/premium (if any) is amortized to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of securities. Interest received in arrears is recorded as follows: Cumulative interest incurred before the purchasing date is recorded as a decrease in the accrued interest; cumulative interest incurred after the purchasing date is recognized as income of the Bank based on the accumulated method. Interest received in advance is amortized into the securities investment interest income on a straight-line basis over the term of securities investment.

### 7.2 Measurement

Periodically, available-for-sale securities will be considered for diminution in value.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

Provision for diminution in value of available-for-sale securities is made when book value of the securities is higher than its market value. Provision for diminution in value is recorded to "Net gain/loss from investment securities" in the consolidated income statement.

For corporate bonds that have not yet been listed on the securities market or have not been registered for trading on unlisted public companies, the Bank shall made provisions for those bonds in accordance with Circular 31 as presented in *Note 4.1*.

### 8. Held-to-maturity investment securities

Held-to-maturity investment securities include special bonds issued by Vietnam Asset Management Company ("VAMC") and other investment securities held to maturity.

Special bonds issued by VAMC

Special bonds issued by VAMC are fixed-term valuable papers used to purchase bad debts of the Bank. These special bonds are initially recognized at face value at the date of transaction and subsequently carried at the face value during the holding period. Face value of the bonds equals to the outstanding balance of the debts sold less their unused specific allowance.

During the holding period, the Bank periodically calculate and make allowance in accordance with Circular No. 14/2015/TT-NHNN dated 28 August 2015, Circular No. 08/2016/TT-NHNN dated 16 June 2016 amending and supplementing some articles of Circular No. 19/2013/TT-NHNN which stimulates the purchase, sale and write-off bad debts of VAMC.

As required by circulars, each year within five consecutive working days prior to the maturity date of special bonds, the Bank is obliged to fully make specific provision for each special bond using the below formula:

$$X_{(m)} = \frac{Y}{n} \times m - (Z_m + X_{m-1})$$

In which:

- X<sub>(m)</sub> is minimum provision for special bonds in the m<sup>th</sup> year;
- X<sub>m-1</sub> is accumulated specific provision for special bonds in the m-1<sup>th</sup> year;
- Y is face value of special bonds;
- n is term of special bonds (years);
- m is number of years from the bond issuance date to the provision date;
- Z<sub>m</sub> is accumulated bad debt recoveries at the provision date (m<sup>th</sup> year). Credit institution co-operate with VAMC to confirm such debt recoveries.

If  $(Z_m + X_{m-1}) \ge (Y/n \times m)$ , the specific provision  $(X_{(m)})$  will be (0).

Specific provision for each special bond is recognized in the consolidated income statement in "Provision expense for credit loss". General provision is not required for the special bonds.

On settlement date of special bonds, interest occurred from debts collection shall be recognized into "Interest and similar income".

Other held-to-maturity investment securities

Held-to-maturity investment securities are debt securities purchased by the Bank for the investment purpose of earning interest and the Bank has the capability and intention to hold these investments until maturity. Held-to-maturity securities have the determined value and maturity date. In case the securities are sold before the maturity date, these securities will be reclassified to held-for-trading securities or available-for-sale securities.

Debt securities are recognized and measured similarly as available-for-sale securities at *Note* 6.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### Other long-term investments

Other long-term investments

Other long-term investments represent investments in other entities in which the Bank holds less than or equal to 11% of voting rights. These investments are initially recorded at cost at the investment date.

Provision for diminution in the value of other long-term investment is made when there is substantial evidence indicating a decline in the value of these investments at the consolidated statement of financial position date.

For securities which are not listed but are registered for trading on unlisted public company market (UPCoM), provision for diminution in value is made when their average referenced price within the last 30 trading days prior to the time of preparing the consolidated financial statements announced by the Stock Exchange is lower than the carrying value of the securities at the end of accounting year.

In other cases, provision for diminution in the value of long-term investment is made if the invested economic organizations experience losses. Provision for diminution is calculated according to the following formula:

Actual rate of Parties' act	ual Actual equity
charter capital (%) investment capital	at capital of
Level of of the enterprise at the busin-	
provision for = an business x organization receive	ng - organization at
investment organization at the capital contribution	at the time of
time of making the the time of making	he making the
provision provision	provision

Provision is reversed when the recoverable amount of the investment increases after the provision is made. Provision is reversed up to the gross value of the investment before the provision is made.

### 10. Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation or accumulated amortization.

The cost of a fixed asset comprises any directly attributable costs of bringing the fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the consolidated income statement as incurred.

When fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the consolidated income statement.

### 11. Lease

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A lease is classified as a finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are capitalized in the consolidated statement of financial position at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, at the net present value of the minimum lease payments. The principal amount included in future lease payments under finance leases are recorded as a liability. The interest amounts included in lease payments are charged to the consolidated income statement over the lease

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

term to achieve a constant rate on interest on the remaining balance of the finance lease liability.

Capitalized financial leased assets are depreciated using straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the asset and the lease term, if there is no reasonable certainty that the lessee will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the consolidated income statement in "Other operating expenses" on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Income from operating leases is recognized in "Other operating income" in the consolidated statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 12. Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization of tangible fixed assets and intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Buildings and structures	5 - 30 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 8 years
Vehicles	3 - 8 years
Office equipment	3 - 8 years
Other tangible fixed assets	3 - 10 years
Software	3 - 8 years
Land use right	30 - 50 years

Infinite land use rights granted by the Government are not amortized. Definite term land use rights are amortized over the term of use.

### 13. Other receivables

### 13.1 Receivables classified as credit risk assets

Receivables classified as credit-risk assets are recognized at cost. Doubtful receivables are classified and provided for allowance by the Bank in accordance with the regulations on recognition and use of provision presented in *Note 4.1*.

### 13.2 Other receivables

Receivables other than receivables from credit activities in the Bank's operations are recognized at cost and subsequently carried at cost during the holding period.

Provision for receivables is determined based on the overdue status of debts or expected loss of current debts in case the debts are not due for payment yet but the corporate debtors have fallen into bankruptcy or are in the process of dissolution, or of individual debtors are missing, escaped, prosecuted, on trial or deceased. Provision expense incurred is recorded in "Other operating expenses" of the consolidated income statement during the period.

Provision for overdue debts is made in accordance with the guidance of Circular No. 48/2019/TT-BTC as amended by Circular No.24/2022/TT-BTC as follows:

Overdue period	Provision rate
From six months up to under one year	30%
From one year up to under two years	50%
From two years up to under three years	70%
From three years and above	100%

### 14. Derivatives financial instruments

The Bank involves in currency forward contracts and currency swap contracts to facilitate customers to transfer, modify or minimize foreign exchange risk or other market risks, and also for the trading purpose of the Bank.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### Currency forward contracts

The currency forward contracts are commitments to settle in cash on a pre-determined future date based on the difference between pre-determined exchange rates, calculated on the notional amount. The currency forward contracts are recognized at nominal value at the transaction date and are revalued for the reporting purpose at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Gains or losses realized or unrealized are recognized in the "Exchange rate revaluation" under "Owners' equity" and will be transferred to the consolidated income statement at the end of the financial period. The premium or discount derived from the difference between spot rate and forward rate are recorded at contract date as assets if positive or liabilities if negative in consolidated statement of financial position. The difference is amortized to the consolidated income statement on straight-line basis over the forward contract period.

### Currency swap contracts

The swap contracts are commitments to settle in cash on a pre-determined future date based on the difference between pre-determined exchange rates calculated on the notional principal amount. The premium or discount resulting from the difference between the spot rate at the effective date of the contract and the forward rate will be recognized immediately at the effective date of the contract as an asset if positive or a liability if the negative on the consolidated statement of financial position. The difference will be amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the swap contract to the consolidated income statement.

### 15. Capital

### 15.1 Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

### 15.2 Share premium

The Bank records the difference between the par value and issue price of shares if the issue price is higher than par value, and the difference between price of repurchasing of treasury stocks and the re-issue price of treasury stocks to share premium account. The expense related to issue shares will be recorded as the share premium deductible.

### 15.3 Funds and reserves

The Bank has set up the following reserved funds in accordance with the Law on Credit Institutions No. 32/2024/QH15 and Decree No. 93/2017/ND-CP and the Bank's Charter as follow:

	% of profit after tax	Maximum rate
Capital supplementary reserve	10% of profit after tax	100% chartered capital
Financial reserve	10% of profit after tax	Not specified

Other funds will be allocated from profit after tax. The allocation from profit after tax and utilization of funds must be approved by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholder. These reserves are not regulated by statutory and allowed to be fully allocated.

### 16. Recognition of income and expense

Interest income and interest expenses

Interest income and interest expenses are recognized in the consolidated income statement on accrual basis for debts classified as current debts that do not have to make specific provisions. The recognition of accrued interest income is suspended when such debt is classified in groups 2 to 5 according Circular 31 as presented at *Note 4.1* or debts retained classification as group 1 due to the application of Circular 01, Circular 03 and Circular 14 at *Note 4.2* is not recognized in the consolidated income statement. Suspended interest income is reversed and monitored off-statement of financial position and recognized in the consolidated income statement upon actual receipt.

Fees and commissions income

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

Fees and commissions are recognized when services are rendered.

Income from investments

Income from investments is recognized on the difference between the selling price and average cost of the securities sold.

Cash dividends from investment are recognized in the consolidated income statement when the Bank has right to receive the payment are established. For stock dividends and bonus shares, the number of shares is just updated, and no dividend income is recognized in the consolidated income statement.

Other income

Other income is recognized on cash basis.

According to Circular 16/2018/TT-BTC dated 7 February 2018 of the Ministry of Finance guiding for financial regulation applied to credit institutions and branches of foreign banks, with regard to accounts receivable which have been accounted for as income but they are considered uncollectible or they are not obtained when they are due, the Banks recognize a reduction in revenue if it is in the same accounting period or recognize them as expenses if it is not in the same accounting period and monitoring off-statement of financial position to urge the collection. When accounts receivable is collected, the Bank shall account them for as income in the consolidated income statement.

### 17. Corporate income tax

Current corporate income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from (or paid to) the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are effective as at the consolidated statement of financial position date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognized directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also accounted in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Bank to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Bank intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The tax returns of the Bank are subject to examination by the tax authorities. Due to the ambiguity associated with the applicability of tax laws and regulations, amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements could be changed at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

### 18. Foreign currency transactions

In accordance with the accounting system of the Bank, all transactions are recorded in original currencies. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted into VND using exchange rates ruling at the consolidated statement of financial. Income and expenses arising in foreign currencies during the year are converted into VND at rates ruling at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities from foreign currency to VND in the year are recognized and followed in the "Exchange rate revaluation" under "Owners' Equity" section and will be transferred to the consolidated income statement at the end of the financial year.

### 19. Employee benefits

### 19.1 Post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits are paid to retired employees of the Bank by the Social Insurance Agency, which belongs to the Ministry of Labor, Invalids and Social Affairs. The Bank are required to contribute to these post-employment benefits by paying social insurance premium to the Social Insurance Agency at the rate of 17.50% of an employee's basic salary on a monthly basis, allowances and other additional payments. Besides, the Bank have no further obligation of post-employee benefits.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

Takal a sum dia acception

### 19.2 Voluntary resignation benefits

Under Article 46 of Labor Code No. 45/2019/QH14 effective from 01 January 2021, The Bank have the obligation to pay allowance arising from voluntary resignation of employees, equal to one-half month's salary for each year of employment up to 31 December 2008 plus salary allowances (if any). From 01 January 2009, the average monthly salary used in this calculation is the average monthly salary of the latest six-months up to the resignation date.

### 19.3 Unemployment insurance

According to Circular No. 28/2015/TT-BLDTBXH on guidelines for Article 52 of the Law on Employment and Decree No. 28/2015/ND-CP dated 12 March 2015 of the Government on guidelines for the Law on Employment in term of unemployment insurance, the Bank are obliged to pay unemployment insurance at 1.00% of its salary fund used to pay for unemployment insurance and deduct 1.00% of salary of each employee to pay simultaneously to the Unemployment Insurance Fund.

### 20. Related parties

Parties are considered to be related parties of the Bank if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or when the Bank and other party are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprises or individuals, including close members of their families.

### V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

### 1. Derivatives and other (liabilities)/ financial asset

	Total contract nominal value (at	Total carrying value (at exchange rate as at reporting date)	
	contractual - exchange rate) VND million	Assets VND million	Liabilities VND million
Currency derivative instruments as at 31 December 2024			
Forward contracts Swap contracts	4,043,757		(6,768)
Total	4,043,757		(6,768)
Net amount Currency derivative instruments as at 31 December 2023			(6,768)
Forward contracts	11,907	57	-
Swap contracts	5,752,651	39,398	
Total	5,764,558	39,455	-
Net amount		39,455	

### 2. Loans to customers

	31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Loans to domestic economic entities and individuals  Loans for discounted commercial bills and	167,702,005	141,428,637
valuable papers	17,731	3,402
Payments on behalf of customers	18,097	6,238
Loans by grants and entrusted funds	164	164
	167,737,997	141,438,441

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### Analysis of loans by quality

	31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Current	161,359,386	133,053,654
Special mention	2,469,632	5,395,665
Substandard	264,304	820,666
Doubtful	1,027,409	1,182,425
Loss	2,617,266	986,031
	167,737,997	141,438,441
Analysis of loans by original terms		
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
	VND million	VND million
Short-term	91,523,999	77,393,620
Medium-term	27,730,309	20,841,076
Long-term	48,483,689	43,203,745
	167,737,997	141,438,441

### Provision for credit losses

3.

The movements of provision for credit losses during the current period are as follows:

	Specific provision VND million	General provision VND million	Total VND million
<b>01 January 2024</b> Provision charged to during the period	<b>490,407</b> 340,239	<b>1,053,393</b> 185,012	<b>1,543,800</b> 525,251
Provision used to write-off bad debts during the period	(3,944)	( <del></del>	(3,944)
31 December 2024	826,702	1,238,405	2,065,107

The movements of provision for credit losses during the previous period are as follows:

	Specific provision VND million	General provision VND million	Total VND million
<b>01 January 2023</b> Provision charged to during the period	<b>359,510</b> 1,154,605	<b>884,718</b> 168,675	<b>1,244,228</b> 1,323,280
Provision used to write-off bad debts during the period	(1,023,708)	-	(1,023,708)
31 December 2023	490,407	1,053,393	1,543,800

### 4. Investment securities

### 4.1 Available-for-sale securities

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

		31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
<i>Debt secu</i> Governme Bonds issu		2,857,573	3,084,093
institutions		7,290,000	9,582,574 300,000
		10,147,573	12,966,667
credit instit	urities issued by other domestic rutions	103,369	103,369
Equity section	urities issued by domestic economic	38,935	40,772
, , , ,		142,304	144,141
		10,289,877	13,110,808
Provision	for available-for-sale securities	<del></del>	
Diminution General pro	provision	(14,794)	(16,595) (2,250)
		(14,794)	(18,845)
		10,275,083	13,091,963
4.2 Held-to-ma	aturity securities (excluding special	bonds issued by VAI	MC)
		31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Governme		8,266,428	9,977,613
institutions	led by other domestic credit	2,300,346	999,201
		10,566,774	10,976,814
5. Long-term	investments		
		31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Other long-	term investments	224,011	85,320
Provision fo	or long-term investments	(81,252)	_0
		142,759	85,320
6. Borrowing	s from the Government and State B	ank	
		31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	rom State Bank hrough discount and rediscount of	155	345
	valuable papers	2,577,456	
		2,577,611	345

### 7. Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

7.1	Due to other credit institutions		
		31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Demand deposits In VND In foreign currencies	<b>11,524,751</b> 11,524,068 683	<b>8,014,467</b> 8,014,467
	Term deposits In VND In foreign currencies	<b>26,190,543</b> 24,141,000 2,049,543	<b>14,802,500</b> 13,834,500 968,000
	,	37,715,294	22,816,967
7.2	Borrowings from other credit institutions		
		31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	In VND In foreign currencies	962,260 518,761	65,126 1,139,581
	~	1,481,021	1,204,707
8.	Due to customers		
		31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Demand deposits  Demand deposits in VND  Demand deposits in foreign currencies	<b>9,760,048</b> 9,547,456 212,592	<b>9,997,385</b> 9,632,292 365,093
	Term deposits Term deposits in VND Term deposits in foreign currencies	<b>147,840,717</b> 147,062,298 778,419	<b>134,373,843</b> 133,566,496 807,347
	Deposits for specific purposes  Margin deposits	497,745 235,493	769,691 288,026
		158,334,003	145,428,945
9.	Valuable papers issued		
		31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Certificate of deposits Less than 12 months From 12 months to less than 5 years From 5 years	<b>16,046,940</b> 4,000,000 489,410 11,557,530	<b>14,748,868</b> 5,600,000 4,905 9,143,963
	Bonds From 12 months to less than 5 years From 5 years	<b>3,960,000</b> 2,500,000 1,460,000	<b>3,710,000</b> 1,600,000 2,110,000
		20,006,940	18,458,868

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### 10. Other liabilities

	31 December 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Internal payables External payables Bonus and welfare fund	386,240 4,149,511 106,888	271,985 5,352,687 53,478
	4,642,639	5,678,150

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

## 11. Statutory obligations

	31 December 2024 VND million	4,188	256,499	29,074	1	25,633	3,441	18	289,779
Movement during the period	Paid VND million	148,315	950,901	178,140	147	163,603	14,390	16,134	1,293,490
Movement du	Payables VND million	83,368	938,305	178,479	147	163,590	14,742	16,152	1,216,304
	01 January 2024 VND million	69,135	269,095	28,735		25,646	3,089		366,965
		Value added tax	Corporate income tax	Other taxes	- License tax	<ul> <li>Personal income tax</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Withholding tax</li> </ul>	Other taxes and fees	

### 12. Owners' equity

## 12.1 Statement of changes in equity



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

1,075,430

104,547

295,553

19,338,340

### 12.2 Shares

VI.

13.

Shares		
	31 December 2024 Shares	31 December 2023 Shares
Number of registered shares	1,372,550,553	1,058,041,615
Number of shares issued - Ordinary shares	1,372,550,553 1,372,550,553	1,058,041,615 1,058,041,615
Number of shares repurchased - Ordinary shares	-	-
Number of outstanding shares - Ordinary shares	1,372,550,553 1,372,550,553	1,058,041,615 1,058,041,615
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INCOME STAT	EMENT	
Interest and similar income		
	Current period VND million	Previous period VND million
Interest income from deposit Interest income from loans Interest income from trading, investing debt	618,024 15,437,773	616,668 17,246,142
securities	1,120,944	1,075,430

### 14. Interest and similar expenses

	Current period VND million	Previous period VND million
Interest expense on deposits	7,886,396	11,306,927
Interest expense on borrowings	214,617	213,260
Interest expense on valuable papers	1,326,634	1,094,283
Interest expense on finance lease	5,883	7,298
Expenses for other credit activities	40,357	69,263
	9,473,887	12,691,031

1,120,944

103,145

131,821

17,411,707

### 15. Net gain from trading of held-for-trading securities

- Interest income from investing securities

Interest income from guarantee services

Other income from credit activities

	864	
Income from trading of held-for-trading securities	864	-
	Current period VND million	Previous period VND million

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### 16. Net gain from trading investment securities

Income from trading of investment securities   120,898   70,892   Expenses from trading of investment securities   1,162   (42,385)   7,0802   7,			Current period VND million	Previous period VND million
17.   Operating expenses   Current period VND million   Previous period VND million		Expenses from trading of investment securities	(1,162)	(42,385)
Taxes, duties and fees   3,103   2,123     Personnel expenses   2,103,964   1,888,273     Salary and allowances   1,865,606   1,706,557     Salary-related allowances   120,451   112,269     Allowances   1,263   443     Others   116,644   69,004     Assets expenditure   724,633   640,718     In which: Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets   175,047   145,802     Administration expenses   24,727   19,426     Union expenses   3,107   43,535     Insurance expenses for customer deposits   189,245   174,845     (Provision reversed)/Provision made (excluding provision for credit losses, diminution provision)   91,754   6,126     Operating expenses   2,4727   145,802     Operating expenses   3,985,763   3,492,455     18.   Provision expense for credit losses   2,4727   1,4845     Operating expenses   3,985,763   3,492,455     18.   Provision made for loans to customer   525,251   1,323,280     Provision made for loans to customer   525,251   1,323,280     Provision reversed)/ provision made for receivables   (4,349)   274			123,787	59,287
VND million   VND million   VND million	17.	Operating expenses		
Personnel expenses   2,103,964   1,888,273   Salary and allowances   1,865,606   1,706,557   Salary-related allowances   120,451   112,269   Allowances   1,263   443   443   Others   116,644   69,004   Assets expenditure   724,633   640,718   In which: Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets   175,047   145,802   Administration expenses   873,064   780,370   In which: Business expenses   24,727   19,426   Union expenses   3,107   43,535   Insurance expenses for customer deposits   189,245   174,845   (Provision reversed)/Provision made (excluding provision for credit losses, diminution provision)   91,754   6,126   Operating expenses   3,985,763   3,492,455				
Provision made for loans to customer Provision made for special bonds issued by VAMC (Provision reversed)/ provision made for receivables (4,349)		Personnel expenses Salary and allowances Salary-related allowances Allowances Others Assets expenditure In which: Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets Administration expenses In which: Business expenses Union expenses Insurance expenses for customer deposits (Provision reversed)/Provision made (excluding provision for credit losses, diminution provision)	2,103,964 1,865,606 120,451 1,263 116,644 724,633 175,047 873,064 24,727 3,107 189,245	1,888,273 1,706,557 112,269 443 69,004 640,718 145,802 780,370 19,426 43,535 174,845
Provision made for loans to customer 525,251 1,323,280 Provision made for special bonds issued by VAMC (475,750) (Provision reversed)/ provision made for receivables (4,349) 274	18.	Provision expense for credit losses		
Provision made for special bonds issued by VAMC (Provision reversed)/ provision made for receivables (4,349) 274			7	
(1 Totalon Totalon That of the Totalon That of		Provision made for special bonds issued by VAMC	(4)	(475,750)
		(Provision reversed)/ provision made for receivables		

### VII. OTHER INFORMATION

### 19. Related party transactions

Significant transactions with related parties in the current period are as follows:

Related parties	Transactions	VND million
Member of Board of Directors, Board of Supervision and Board of Management	Income Expense	53 (56,819)
Related companies and individuals	Income Expense	3,779 (4.406)

Receivables and payables with related parties at the end of the period as follow:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

Related parties	Transactions	VND million
Member of Board of Directors, Board of Supervision and Board of	Deposits Loan Accrued interest expense on deposits	(38,386) - (154)
Management	Accrued interest income from loans	-
Related companies and	Deposits	(66,429)
individuals	Loan	59,214
	Accrued interest expense on deposits	(1,053)
	Accrued interest income from loans	251

### 20. Concentration of assets, liabilities and off-consolidated statement of financial position items by geographical regions

	Domestic VND million	Overseas VND million	Total VND million
Assets at 31 December 2024  Due from and loans to other credit	225,359,910	268,532	225,628,442
institutions	36,541,251	268,532	36,809,783
Loans to customers - gross	167,737,997	S	167,737,997
Trading and investment securities - gross	20,856,651	:=	20,856,651
Long-term investments - gross	224,011	-	224,011
Liabilities at 31 December 2024  Due to and borrowings from	221,265,525	1,391,664	222,657,189
other credit institutions	38,880,028	316,287	39,196,315
Due to customers Derivatives and financial instruments	158,334,003	-	158,334,003
(Total transaction value amount to contract) Grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed	4,043,757	Ē	4,043,757
to risks	797	1,075,377	1,076,174
Valuable papers issued	20,006,940	-	20,006,940
Off- consolidated statement of financial position commitments			
at 31 December 2024	16,090,557	•	16,090,557

### VIII. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

### 21. Financial risk management

Risk is inherent in the Bank's activities and is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. This process of risk management is critical to the Bank's continuing profitability and each individual within the Bank is accountable for the risk prevention within his or her responsibilities. The Bank are exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (then being subdivided into trading and non-trading risks). The Bank is also subject to various operational risks.

The independent risk control process does not include business risks such as changes in the environment, technology and industry. The Bank's policy is to monitor those business risks through the Bank's strategic planning process.

### (i) Risk management structure

The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for identifying and controlling risks. However, each consolidated member shall be responsible for managing and monitoring risks.

### (ii) Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for monitoring the overall risk management process within the Bank.

### (iii) Risk Management Committee

Risk Management Committee advises the Board of Directors in the promulgation of procedures and policies under their jurisdiction relating to risk management in the Bank's activities.

Risk Management Committee analyses and provides warnings on the potential risks that may affect the Bank's operation and preventive measures in the short term as well as long term.

Risk Management Committee reviews and evaluates the appropriateness and effectiveness of the risk management of procedures and policies of the Bank to make recommendations to the Board of Directors on the improvement of procedures, policies and operational strategies.

### (iv) Board of Supervision

The Board of Supervision has the responsibility to control the overall risk management process within the Bank.

### (v) Internal Audit

According to the annual internal audit plan, business processes throughout the Bank is audited annually by the internal audit function, which examines both the adequacy of the procedures and compliance with the Bank's procedures. Internal Audit discusses the results of all assessments with Board of Directors and reports its findings and recommendations to the Board of Supervision.

### (vi) Risk measurement and reporting systems

The Bank's risks are measured using a method which reflects both the expected loss likely to arise in normal circumstances and unexpected losses, which are an estimate of the ultimate actual loss based on statistical models.

Monitoring and controlling of risks is primarily performed based on limits established by the Bank in compliance with the State Bank of Vietnam's regulations. These limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Bank as well as the level of risk that the Bank is willing to accept

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

Information compiled from all business activities is examined and processed in order to analyze, control and early identify risks. This information is presented and explained to the Board of Management, Board of Directors, and the department heads. The report includes aggregate credit exposure, credit metric forecasts, limit exceptions, liquidity ratios and risk profile changes. The Board of Directors assesses the appropriateness of the allowance for credit losses on a quarterly basis. The Board of Directors receives a comprehensive risk report quarterly which is designed to provide all the necessary information to assess and conclude on the risks of the Bank.

For all levels throughout the Bank, specifically tailored risk reports are prepared and distributed in order to ensure that all business departments have access to extensive, necessary and up-to-date information.

### (vii) Risk reduction

The Bank has actively used collateral to mitigate credit risk.

### (viii) Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties of the Bank is engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would affect the group of customers' payment obligations or payment receipt rights when due under changes in economic, political or other conditions.

These above concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Bank's performance to the developments of a particular industry or geographic allocation.

In order to avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Bank's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on maintaining a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risk are controlled and managed accordingly. Selective hedging is used within the Bank in respect of the industries and other related factors.

### 22. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Bank will incur a loss because its customers or counterparties fail to discharge their contractual obligations.

The Bank manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties and for geographical and industry concentrations, and by monitoring exposures in relation to such limits.

The Bank has established a credit quality review process to provide early identification of possible changes in the financial position and creditworthiness of counterparties based on regularly reviewing collateral. Counterparty's limits are established by the use of a credit rating system, which assigns each counterparty a risk rating. Risk ratings are subject to regular revision.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### 23. Market risk

### 23.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the fair values of financial instruments. The Bank is exposed to interest rate risk due to mismatches in maturity dates or dates of interest rate repricing for assets, liabilities, and off-statement of financial position instruments over a certain period. The Bank manages this risk by matching the dates of interest rate re-pricing of assets and liabilities through risk management strategies.

Analysis of assets and liabilities based on interest rate re-pricing date

The re-pricing term of the effective interest rate is the remaining period from the date of the consolidated financial statements to the nearest re-pricing date of interest rate or the remaining contractual term, whichever is earlier.

The following assumptions and conditions are used in analysis of the re-pricing period of interest rates of the Bank's assets and liabilities:

- Cash and gold; due from the State Bank of Vietnam; trading securities, investment securities - equity securities; derivatives financial instruments; long-term investment and other assets (including fixed assets, investment properties and other assets) and other liabilities are classified as non-interest bearing items;
- The re-pricing term of investment securities debt securities (excluding special bond issued by VAMC; loans to customers; due from and loans to other credit institutions; grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks; borrowings from State Bank of Vietnam; valuable papers issued; due to and borrowings from other credit institutions and due to customers are determined as follows:
  - Items which bear fixed interest rate during the contractual term: The re-pricing term is determined based on the time to maturity from the consolidated statement of financial position date.
  - Items which bear floating interest rate: The re-pricing term is determined based on the time to the nearest interest rate re-pricing date from the consolidated statement of financial position date.

Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

The following table presents the interest re-pricing period of the Bank's assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2024:

	Overdue VND million	Non-interest bearing VND million	Up to 1 month VND million	Over 1 to 3 months VND million	Over 3 to 6 months VND million	Over 6 to 12 months VND million	Over 1 to 5 years VND million	Over 5 years VND million	Total VND million
Assets Cash and gold		1,148,489	Ĭ.	č	ı	ı	0.∎00	1	1,148,489
balances with the State Bank of Vietnam	1	13,632,932	i	ï	ī	ı	ı	P	13,632,932
Due from and loans to other credit institutions	1	289,885	34,219,898	2,300,000	' 6	1 00		1 0	36,809,783
Loans to customers - gross Investment securities - gross	6,378,611	142,304	19,308,027 277,657	32,338,435 1,341,719	32,484,412 3,038,676	53,623,288 12,472,571	23,424,581 3,583,724	180,643	167,737,997 20,856,651
Long-term investments - gross Fixed assets	î lî	224,011 2.188.108	1 1	1 1	1 3	в з	ë ä	i i	224,011 2,188,108
Investment properties Other assets - gross	1	30,439	1 (				1 1		30,439
Total assets	6,378,611	22,357,070	53,805,582	35,980,154	35,523,088	66,095,859	27,008,305	180,643	247,329,312
Liabilities Due to and borrowings from SBV									
and other credit institutions	ű í	i i	39,230,855	2,010,494	279,497	253,080	2.381.272	1 1	41,773,926
Derivatives and other financial		Î					-		000
liabilities Grants, entrusted funds and loans	1	6,768	1	1	I.	ĭ	ř	ř.	6,768
exposed to risks	3	ï	796	506,060	569,318		1		1,076,174
Valuable papers issued Other liabilities		4,642,639	080'80s		0,657,400	076,686,11		ĺ	4,642,639
Total liabilities		4,649,407	84,097,653	41,920,464	50,614,985	42,176,669	2,381,272		225,840,450
On-statement of financial position interest sensitivity gap	6,378,611	17,707,663	(30,292,071)	(5,940,310)	(15,091,897)	23,919,190	24,627,033	180,643	21,488,862
Off-statement of financial position commitment interest sensitivity							1		1
On and off-statement of financial position interest sensitivity gap	6,378,611	17,707,663	(30,292,071)	(5,940,310)	(15,091,897)	23,919,190	24,627,033	180,643	21,488,862

NOTES TO SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENT (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

B05a/TCTD

### 23.2 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Bank is incorporated and operating in Vietnam with reporting currency as VND, the major currency of its transaction is also VND. Financial assets and financial liabilities of the Bank are denominated in VND, some are denominated in USD, EUR and gold. The Bank have set limits to control the positions of the currencies. Positions are monitored on a daily basis and hedging strategies are used to ensure positions of the currencies are maintained within the established limits.

Exchange rates of key foreign currencies at the reporting date at Note IX.

Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

The following table presents assets and liabilities in foreign currencies converted into VND as at 31 December 2024:

	EUR equivalent VND million	USD equivalent VND million	Gold equivalent VND million	Other currencies equivalent VND million	Total VND million
Assets Cash and gold Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam	5,545	127,908	999	5,381	139,400
Due from and loans to other credit institutions	4,137	870,985	j	60,051	935,173
Loans to customers - gross Other assets - gross	1 1	1,598,326 55,205	1 1	1 1	1,598,326 55,205
Total assets	9,682	2,722,015	566	65,432	2,797,695
Liabilities Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions	,	2,568,987	3	90	2,568,987
Due to customers	6,359	971,994	J	12,682	991,035
Grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks		1,075,378	9	10	1,075,378
Other liabilities	2	36,806	7	1	36,808
Total liabilities	6,361	4,653,165		12,682	4,672,208
Foreign exchange position on-statement of financial position	3,321	(1,931,150)	566	52,750	(1,874,513)
Foreign exchange position off-statement of financial position					•
Foreign exchange position on and off-statement of financial position	3,321	(1,931,150)	266	52,750	(1,874,513)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### 23.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk which the Bank has difficulties in meeting the obligations of financial liabilities. Liquidity risk occurs when the Bank cannot afford to settle debt obligations at the due dates in the normal or stress conditions. To manage the liquidity risk exposure, the Bank has diversified the mobilization of deposits from various sources in addition to its basic capital resources. In addition, the Bank has established policy for control of liquidity assets flexibly, monitor the future cash flows and daily liquidity. The Bank has also evaluated the estimated cash flows and the availability of current collateral assets in case of obtaining more deposits.

The maturity term of assets and liabilities is the remaining period of assets and liabilities as calculated from the consolidated statement to the settlement date in accordance with contractual terms and conditions.

The following assumptions and conditions are applied in the analysis of maturity of the Bank's assets and liabilities:

- Balances with the SBV are classified as demand deposits which considered within one (1) month, include compulsory deposits;
- The maturity term of held-for-trading securities; investment securities debt securities is calculated based on the maturity date of each kind of securities; investment securities listed equity securities is considered within one (1) month because of their high liquidity;
- The maturity term of due to the SBV; grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks; valuable papers issued; due from and loans to other credit institutions, loans to customers is determined based on the maturity date as stipulated in contracts. The actual maturity term may be altered because loan contracts may be extended;
- The maturity term of long-term investments is considered as more than five (5) years because these investments do not have specific maturity date;
- The maturity term of due to and borrowings from other credit institutions, derivatives, other financial liabilities and due to customers are determined based on features of these items or the maturity date as stipulated in contracts. Vostro account and demand deposits are transacted as required by customers, and therefore, classified as current accounts. The maturity term of borrowings and term deposits is determined based on the maturity date in contracts. In practice, these amounts may be rolled over, and therefore, they may last beyond the original maturity date;
- The maturity term of fixed assets is determined based on the remaining useful life of the asset.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

The following table presents assets and liabilities maturity from the Bank at 31 December 2024

	Total VND million		1,148,489	13,632,932		36,809,783	167,737,997	20,856,651	224,011		2,188,108	30,439	4,700,902	247,329,312		41,773,926	158,334,003	200	5,	1.076.174	20,006,940	4,642,639	225,840,450	21,488,862
	Above 5 years VND million		Ĉ	ř		Ě	44,776,566	11,186,962	224,011		1,446,257	30,439	330,988	57,995,223		94	j		ļ	,	4 692 730	90, 50,	4,692,854	53,302,369
	Over 1 to 5 years VND million		ř	ť		130,644	27,928,989	3,087,332	ľ		369,968	100	1,161,953	32,678,886		40,245	2,381,272		•	962.264	10 146 770	38,984	13,569,535	19,109,351
Current	Over 3 to 12 months VND million		ř	r		137,721	66,668,646	5,270,000	Ĭ		12,060	ı	1,393,013	73,481,440		319,549	73,236,788	7	t o	113.910	4 667 440	1,843,682	80,181,423	(6,699,983)
	Over 1 to 3 months VND million		Ĩ	ř		2,300,000	13,397,749	1,170,053	r		1,158	C.	625,940	17,494,900		2,000,000	38,159,630	200	2,0,2	1	200 000	850,687	41,512,392	(24,017,492)
	Up to 1 month VND million	35 99 55 94	1,148,489	13,632,932		34,241,418	8,587,436	142,304	í		358,665	E.	1,189,008	59,300,252		39,414,068	44,556,313	7 630	4,039			1,909,226	85,884,246	(26,583,994)
lue	Up to 3 months VND million		Ĭ	i			2,469,632	ľ	1		ī	•		2,469,632		1	1		'	Ĭ.	9			2,469,632
Overdue	Above 3 months VND million		Ĩ	î		ï	3,908,979	ī	ĭ		t	ï		3,908,979		1	9		•	1			1	3,908,979
		Assets	Cash and gold	Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam	Due from and loans to other	credit institutions - gross	Loans to customers - gross	Investment securities - gross	Long-term investments - gross	Fixed assets and investment	properties	Investment properties	Other assets - gross	Total assets	Liabilities Due to and borrowings from SBV and	other credit institutions	Due to customers	Derivatives and other financial	Courts contributed frings and loans	Grants, entrasted famos and loans exposed to risks	Valuable namers issued	Valuable papers issued Other liabilities	Total liabilities	Net liquidity gap

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) For the period from 01 January 2024 to 30 September 2024

B05a/TCTD-HN

### 23.4 Market price of risk

Except for the assets and liabilities described above, the Bank does not have other market price of risks with a risk level of 5% of net profit or the value of assets and liabilities for 5% of total assets.

### IX. EXCHANGE RATES OF APPLICABLE FOREIGN CURRENCIES AGAINST VIETNAM DONG AT THE END OF THE PERIOD

	31 December 2024 VND	31 December 2023 VND
USD	25,303.00	24,200.00
EUR	26,577.00	26,780.00
GBP	31,968.00	30,890.00
CAD	17,718.50	18,315.50
SGD	18,755.00	18,387.50
AUD	15,859.50	16,526.00
CHF	28,165.50	28,827.00
JPY	162.31	172.01
HKD	3,279.50	3,110,00
KRW	17.73	18.74
Gold SJC (ounce)	8,320,000	7,100,000

Mr. Le Dinh Tu Head of Accounting Department Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan Director of Finance Division cum Chief Accountant Mr. Vo Hoang Hai Deputy General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

23 January 2025

